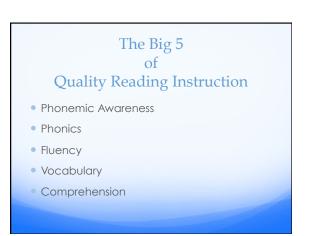


## Agenda • Background of The Journey • The Big 5 of Effective Reading Instruction • Multisensory Instruction • Resources

## Journey • 30 years • Leave of Absence • Tutoring one on one

# The Aha Moment

## What Works Scientifically Research Based Reading Instruction Based on QUALITY research National Reading Panel Ongoing research supports SRBI



### Phonemic Awareness

- Ability to isolate and manipulate individual sounds in spoken words
- Directly taught—not left to chance
- Beginning in preschool and continuing beyond 1st grade

## Phonemic Awareness Examples

- at /a//t/
- itch /i/ /ch/
- top /t//o//p/
- stop /s//t//o//p/
- stopped /s//t//o//p//t/

## Phonemic Awareness for Reading

- Skill of putting sounds together to identify a word or syllable (blending)
  - /d/ /i/ /sh/
  - /t/ /r/ /e/ /m/
  - /s/ /ou/ /n/ /d/

## Phonemic Awareness for Spelling

- Skill of separating individual sounds in words and syllables
- /tenth/ /t//e//n//th/
- /stretch/ /s//t//r//e//tch/
- /camper/ /c//a//m/ /p//er/

### **Phonics**

- Relationship between written letters and spoken sounds
- Based on the alphabetic principle

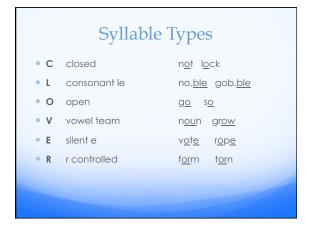
## Linking Phonemic Awareness and Phonics...

In Reading

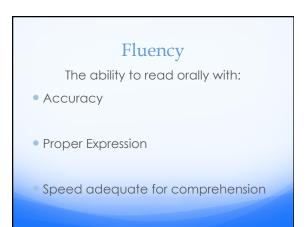
In Spelling

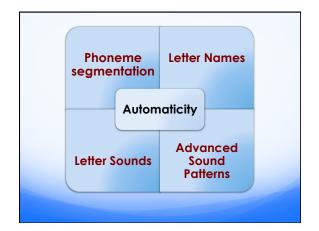
- Blending sounds into words
- Isolating sounds to be written

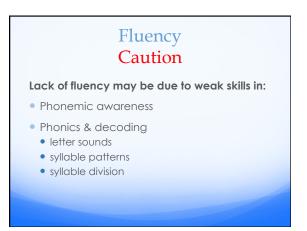




## 7 Syllable Division Rules (Powerful and valuable decoding strategy for unlocking words) 1. vc.cv in.tend sub.ject 2. v.cv o.mit fi.nal 3. vc.v clev.er sol.id 4. .cle ti.tle star.tle 5. v.v flu.id qui.et (only a few) 6. word.word school.book base.ball 7. prefix.root.suffix ad.ject.ive re.port.er un.inter.rupt.ed







## Vocabulary

- Explicitly taught
- Included in reading and content area instruction
- Includes Morphology
  - roots
  - affixes

## reported

## Comprehension

Ultimate Goal of Reading (Understanding what has been read)

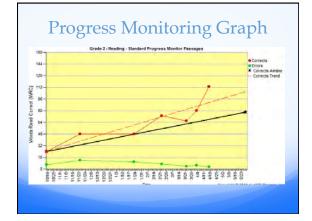
<u>Comprehension</u> strategies can and <u>must be</u> <u>directly taught</u>

## Comprehension Strategies

- retelling
- predicting
- reading with a purpose
- graphic organizers
- asking questions during reading
- visualizing
- asking yourself: Does this make sense?

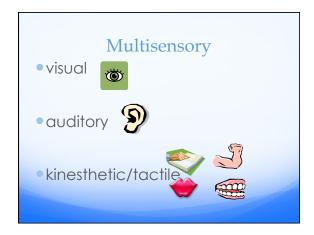
## Reading Interventions/ Remediation

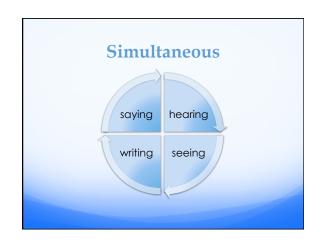
- Explicit with an emphasis on word recognition
- Intense and directly taught
- Encouraging and systematic
- Driven by progress monitoring data

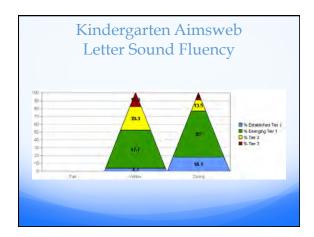


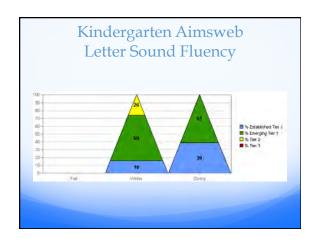
## Intervention Instruction (continued)

- phonological awareness training
- Systematic phonics instruction linked to spelling
- Oral reading practice with decodable text









Back to the Aha Moment...

## Orton-Gillingham Approach Multisensory Scientific research is supporting its effectiveness Alphabetic principal & English Language Structure Explicit, sequential, cumulative, repetitive, synthetic and analytic, diagnostic, prescriptive, emotionally sound Whole group, small group, one on one

## Multisensory Approach Lesson Components

- Review
- Visual Drill
- Blending Drill
- Auditory Drill
- Simultaneous oral spelling/writing
- Introduction of New Material
- Connected Reading
- Rote memory words

## International Dyslexia Association

- www.interdys.org
- Fact sheets
  - A Parents Guide to Effective Instruction
  - Recommended Reading for Professionals
  - Spelling
  - Dyslexia Basics
  - Multisensory Structured Language Teaching
  - Is My Child Dyslexic?
  - Recommended Reading for Parents
  - Orton Gillingham Based and Multisensory Level Education Approaches to Education

## International Dyslexia Association Upper Midwest Branch

### www.ida-umb.org

- ongoing webinars/information
- tutor referral data base

## Beware of Too Good to be True Promises

- Guarantees of a quick fix
- Guarantees of a timeline
- Approaches that omit instruction based on the alphabetic principle and English language structure

## Academic Language Therapist

### Questions to ask:

- What teaching approach are you trained in?
- Where did you receive your training?
- How many hours of training have you had?
- Did your training include a practicum?
- How many hours of practicum did you complete?
- What is your knowledge of dyslexia?

References/experience

## **Testimonials**

- A 1st grade student who was recommended for special education testing began receiving SRBI in the form of 30 minutes daily. Midway through the year, this student was able to keep up with his class
- A 2<sup>nd</sup> grade student commented: "I'm getting smarter, I can read now!"

## Testimonials (cont.)

- A 3<sup>rd</sup> grade student when asked by his family to explain why he could read so much better now replied, "You just need to remember the noises those letters make."
- After 6 months of instruction, a struggling 3<sup>rd</sup> grade student said with a big smile on his face (during a reading lesson), "I'm so smart, I'm so smart, I'm so smart."

## Testimonials (cont.)

- A struggling 3<sup>rd</sup> grade student, after a year of SRBI said after reading the word smart, "I have a sentence for smart—I am smart in reading."
- A struggling 1st grade student, after 4 months of intervention said with a huge smile, "I'm a genius!"

## Trust Your Instincts Early intervention It is never too late Persevere

## Some Take Aways

- Quality multisensory instruction based on the alphabetic principal, including language structure by a trained professional is essential
- The big 5 of reading instruction
- Trust your instincts if you feel your child needs help
- Persevere

It is never too late

Nothing compares to the look of delight on a child's face when the printed word finally makes sense, and reading a book becomes a joy rather than a chore.